IC 15-2.1-6

Chapter 6. Rabies

IC 15-2.1-6-1

Quarantine

- Sec. 1. (a) The state veterinarian may declare a quarantine against rabies in any county, township, city or town, or designated part of any county, township, city or town whenever he finds that rabies exist in such area to the extent that the health or lives of persons or domestic animals are endangered.
- (b) Whenever a quarantine has been declared, the owner or caretaker of an animal in the quarantine area shall confine the animal:
 - (1) on the premises of the owner; or
 - (2) in a suitable place for the impounding and care of animals as provided in this chapter, which place shall be subject to approval of the state veterinarian.
- (c) A quarantine order may specify the circumstances and conditions under which owners may remove animals from the owner's premises or an impoundment facility.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-6-2

Vaccination

- Sec. 2. (a) When a quarantine has been declared, the state veterinarian may order any animal, species of animal, or group of animals in the quarantined area vaccinated within a period stipulated in the order and the cost of the antirabies immunization shall be borne by the owner of the animal. However, local health departments or political subdivisions of government may furnish antirabies immunization without charge to owners who are unable to pay for the immunization.
- (b) When an order for a rabies vaccination is made, any animal within the quarantined area whose owner refuses to have the owner's animal vaccinated shall be seized and disposed of by the state veterinarian, the state veterinarian's representative, or any person having police power within the quarantined area.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by Acts 1977, P.L.166, SEC.18; P.L.72-1998, SEC.2.

IC 15-2.1-6-3

Notice of order to vaccinate

- Sec. 3. (a) Whenever the state veterinarian has issued an order under section 2 of this chapter:
 - (1) the state veterinarian shall give notice of the order to the county health officer of the county within which the quarantined area is located; and
 - (2) the county health officer shall:
 - (A) publish notice of the order as provided in IC 5-3-1; and
 - (B) deliver a copy of the order to the sheriff of the county.

(b) The sheriff shall assist in the enforcement of this chapter. As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.3

IC 15-2.1-6-4

Area for impounding dogs

- Sec. 4. The county board of commissioners of each county in which the quarantined area is located shall furnish a suitable area or quarters:
 - (1) for the impounding and care of animals that may be impounded under this chapter; and
- (2) that must comply with the rules adopted by the board. As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.4.

IC 15-2.1-6-5

Immunization certificates

- Sec. 5. (a) Whenever an animal is vaccinated for rabies in Indiana, the veterinarian vaccinating the animal shall:
 - (1) make and keep a record of the vaccination; and
 - (2) give one (1) copy of the record to the owner of the animal.
- (b) The vaccinated animal must be identified as vaccinated according to rules adopted by the board. The board may adopt additional rules for documenting rabies vaccinations and for the identification of animals that have been vaccinated for rabies. As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by Acts 1977, P.L.166, SEC.19; P.L.72-1998, SEC.5.

IC 15-2.1-6-6

Board assistance to local officers

Sec. 6. Board Assistance to Local Officers. Whenever quarantine has been declared under the provisions of this chapter, the state veterinarian shall send a representative, agent or employee into the area for the purpose of assisting the local health officers in the development of a program or programs for the control of rabies in that area and assist the local law enforcement officers in the enforcement of the quarantine requirements.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-6-7

Impoundment, release, and disposition of dogs

- Sec. 7. (a) Any animal found running at large in violation of a quarantine declared under section 1 of this chapter may be impounded as provided in the quarantine order, in the area or quarters provided by the board of county commissioners. During such period of time the owner may obtain possession of the animal by doing all of the following:
 - (1) Paying the expenses of the animal's board, and all tax or license fees which may be due and unpaid on the animal.
 - (2) Having the animal vaccinated and paying for the vaccination or furnishing evidence that the animal was vaccinated during the previous twelve (12) months.

- (3) Paying the impounding fee fixed by the county board of commissioners.
- (b) An animal not redeemed under subsection (a) shall be disposed of in a manner prescribed by the local health officer having jurisdiction.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.6.

IC 15-2.1-6-8

Expense of impoundment

Sec. 8. Whenever a quarantine has been declared by the state veterinarian under section 1 of this chapter, the expense of operating the pound, including food for animals impounded and expense of personnel, shall be paid out of the general fund of the county without appropriation unless there be funds regularly appropriated for such purpose in which event it shall be paid out of such appropriated funds. As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.7.

IC 15-2.1-6-9

Nonlocal dogs

Sec. 9. When a quarantine is declared under section 1 of this chapter, all animals brought into a quarantined area, except for exhibition purposes where animals are confined and not permitted to run at large, shall be subject to the same provisions and restrictions as animals already located within the quarantined area.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.72-1998, SEC.8.

IC 15-2.1-6-10

Loose animals; impoundment or destruction; requisite procedures; costs

Sec. 10. (a) It is the duty of all police officers to impound or destroy an animal found running at large:

- (1) during a quarantine ordered under section 1 of this chapter; or
- (2) that is the subject of an order of confinement under section 11 of this chapter.
- (b) A police officer or other authorized individual shall impound an animal that is subject to quarantine or confinement under this chapter if a statement is provided to the officer or authorized individual that states that the animal has broken quarantine or confinement. The statement must be:
 - (1) in writing;
 - (2) given under oath;
 - (3) signed by at least two (2) individuals; and
 - (4) must include the name and address of the owner or suspected owner of the animal if known.
- (c) When possible, the authorized individual or agency contacted under this section shall give written notice to the owner or suspected owner of the animal before destroying and upon impounding that animal.

(d) All costs incurred by a local government relating to the impoundment of an animal under subsection (b) shall be paid by the owner of the animal.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.189-1987, SEC.1; P.L.72-1998, SEC.9.

IC 15-2.1-6-11

Destruction or confinement of animals; investigation of status of loose animals; impoundment

- Sec. 11. (a) Even if an order has not been issued under section 1 of this chapter, the state veterinarian, the local health officer having jurisdiction, or an individual designated by the state veterinarian or the local health officer having jurisdiction may do the following:
 - (1) Order the confinement and destruction of any animal showing clinical symptoms of rabies for laboratory diagnosis.
 - (2) Order the confinement of any animal suspected of having rabies.
 - (3) Order the confinement of any animal that has bitten or otherwise exposed a person.
 - (4) Order the confinement and destruction of any animal that has bitten or otherwise potentially exposed a person to rabies.
- (b) When possible, the state veterinarian or local health officer exercising authority under this section shall give written notice to the owner or suspected owner of the animal:
 - (1) upon impounding; and
 - (2) before destroying;

that animal.

- (c) The period of confinement ordered under subsection (a) must be:
 - (1) of at least ten (10) days duration;
 - (2) under the supervision of:
 - (A) the state veterinarian; or
 - (B) a licensed, accredited veterinarian, or a person designated by the official exercising authority under this chapter; and
 - (3) at the expense of the owner.
- (d) Any animal that has been bitten by a domestic or feral animal suspected or known to have rabies may be:
 - (1) confined for not more than twelve (12) months at the owner's expense; or
 - (2) destroyed.
- (e) Whenever informed that an animal subject to an order of quarantine or an order of destruction or confinement under subsection (a) is running at large, the official who issued the order, or the official's designee, shall investigate the status of the animal. If the investigating official is given a statement that complies with section 10(b) of this chapter, the investigating official may order the animal impounded and, if necessary, provide the statement to a law enforcement officer for action under section 10 of this chapter.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by Acts 1977, P.L.166, SEC.20; P.L.189-1987, SEC.2; P.L.95-1992, SEC.5; P.L.26-1997, SEC.2; P.L.72-1998, SEC.10.

IC 15-2.1-6-12

Duty to cooperate

Sec. 12. The state department of health and the local health officers shall cooperate with the state veterinarian in the rabies control program.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.2-1992, SEC.206.

IC 15-2.1-6-13

Local ordinances

Sec. 13. Local Ordinances. This chapter shall not be construed as repealing or prohibiting municipal ordinances on rabies control or divesting municipalities of existing rights or powers related to rabies control which are not in conflict with this chapter.

As added by Acts 1976, P.L.59, SEC.1.

IC 15-2.1-6-14

Emergency orders; nonexpiration

Sec. 14. (a) For purposes of IC 4-21.5, an order issued under this chapter is an emergency order.

(b) Notwithstanding IC 4-21.5-4-5(a)(3), an emergency order issued under this chapter does not expire.

As added by P.L.26-1997, SEC.3.